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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/692,946	10/24/2003	Konstantin Levit-Gurevich	30320/17232	2114
4743 7	590 08/11/2006	EXAMINER		
MARSHALL, GERSTEIN & BORUN LLP 233 S. WACKER DRIVE, SUITE 6300			ALHIJA, SAIF A	
SEARS TOWER		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
CHICAGO, IL	60606		2128	

DATE MAILED: 08/11/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	-	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/692,946	LEVIT-GUREVICH ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Saif A. Alhija	2128				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap		correspondence ad	ldress			
	Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)🖂	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 C	October 2003.					
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	s action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-19 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examinative The drawing(s) filed on 24 October 2003 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e: a) accepted or b) objected or b) objected or b) objected of a drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So obtion is required if the drawing(s) is old	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summar					
3) 🔯 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/1/04, 6/2/04</u> .	Paper No(s)/Mail I  5) Notice of Informal  6) Other:		O-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-19 have been presented for examination.

#### Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statements (IDS) submitted on 1 June 2004 and 2 June 2004 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the Examiner has considered the IDS' as to the merits.

#### **Double Patenting**

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer.

A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-19 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-26 of copending Application No. 10/395557. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims in the instant application are directed to a plurality of virtual machines in a direct execution environment and it would have been known to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize the invention as directed in the co-pending application in a plurality rather than singular environment.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

#### The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

- 5. Claims 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.
- i) Paragraph 38 of the instant application renders unclear which embodiments apply to the invention and consequently to the claims. This passage could be construed to mean that the

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embodiments in general are not representative of the invention but merely parts of the invention. Therefore since the claimed invention may not be explicitly disclosed in any single embodiment it would therefore require a combination of embodiments which would not reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art which aspects of which embodiments to use to create a complete embodiment of the invention.

# The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 6. Claims 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- i) Claim 17 contains the phrase "is not impeded." It is unclear what is meant by impeded and therefore the claim is rendered vague and indefinite.
- ii) The phrase discussed above is not defined by the claims, the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

All claims dependent upon a rejected base claim are rejected by virtue of their dependency.

Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 7. Claims 1-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Devine et al. "Virtualization System Including a Virtual Machine Monitor for a Computer with a Segmented Architecture", U.S. Patent No. 6,397,242, hereafter referred to as Devine.

# Regarding Claim 1:

**Devine discloses** An article comprising a machine-accessible medium having stored thereon instructions that, when executed by a machine, cause the machine to:

execute a host code in a host environment; (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52.

Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

create a plurality of virtual machines in a virtual environment; (Column 5, Lines 12 -

Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

transfer a virtual code from the host environment to the virtual environment; (Column 5,

Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

and execute virtual code on at least one of the virtual machines. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

#### **Regarding Claim 2:**

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Devine discloses The article of claim 1, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the machine to: create the plurality of virtual machines in a direct execution environment; and execute the host code in a host operating system environment.

(Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

# Regarding Claim 3:

Devine discloses The article of claim 2, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the machine to: provide a monitor within the host operating system environment, wherein the monitor controls entry to and exit from the direct execution environment. (Column 5, Lines 12 – Column 6, Line 52)

### Regarding Claim 4:

Devine discloses The article of claim 3, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the monitor to: control transfer of virtual code between the host environment and the virtual environment based on a virtualization event attempted by at least one of the virtual machines. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

### **Regarding Claim 5:**

**Devine discloses** The article of claim 4, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the monitor to gain control over the virtualization event from the direct

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execution environment. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59.

Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

**Regarding Claim 6:** 

**Devine discloses** The article of claim 5, having further instructions that, when executed

by the machine, cause the monitor to return execution to the direct execution environment after a

virtualization operation. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59.

Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

Regarding Claim 7:

Devine discloses The article of claim 5, having further instructions that, when executed

by the machine, cause the monitor to pass control to a platform simulator within the host

environment for simulation of the virtualization event. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line

52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

Regarding Claim 8:

Devine discloses The article of claim 4, having further instructions that, when executed

by the machine, cause the monitor to access a list of virtualization events. (Column 5, Lines 12 -

Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

Regarding Claim 9:

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Devine discloses The article of claim 3, having further instructions that, when executed by the machine, cause the monitor to: in response to an exit from the direct execution environment, store state data; and restore the stored state data prior to entry to the direct execution environment. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

# Regarding Claim 10:

Devine discloses The article of claim 1, wherein the virtual code includes a plurality of virtual codes each executing on a separate one of the plurality of virtual machines. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

### Regarding Claim 11:

Devine discloses A method comprising: accessing simulated instruction codes in a host environment operating on a central processing unit (CPU) implementing Virtual Machine Extensions; launching a plurality of virtual machines in a virtual environment on the CPU; virtualizing a CPU state associated with the simulated instruction codes; and executing at least one of the simulated instruction codes on at least one of the plurality of virtual machines.

(Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

#### Regarding Claim 12:

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Devine discloses The method of claim 11 further comprising: detecting an occurrence of a virtualization event in any one of the plurality of virtual machines; in response to detecting the virtualization event, exiting the virtual environment; and analyzing the virtualization event.

(Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

# Regarding Claim 13:

Devine discloses The method of claim 12 further comprising: determining whether the virtualization event is a complex event; and if the virtualization event is not a complex event, virtualizing the simulated instruction code associated with the virtualization event. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

### Regarding Claim 14:

Devine discloses The method of claim 13 further comprising re-entering the virtual environment after the simulated instruction code associated with the virtualization event is virtualized. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

### Regarding Claim 15:

**Devine discloses** The method of claim 13 further comprising: if the virtualization event is a complex event, de-virtualizing the CPU state; and simulating the simulated instruction code

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associated with the virtualization event. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

### Regarding Claim 16:

Devine discloses The method of claim 12, further comprising: storing the CPU state upon exiting the virtual environment; and restoring the stored CPU state upon re-entering the virtual environment. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

# Regarding Claim 17:

Devine discloses A system comprising: hardware to generate and control a plurality of virtual machines that each are capable of executing simulated instruction code, wherein the hardware is able to create an abstraction of a real machine so that operation of a real operating system on the computer system is not impeded; a direct execution environment to execute the simulated instruction codes and associated data as virtual codes; a plurality of virtual machines formed within the direct execution environment; and a host environment for controlling exit from and entry to the direction execution environment. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

# **Regarding Claim 18:**

**Devine discloses** The system of claim 17, wherein the host environment comprises: a monitor to generate the plurality of virtual machines and to perform virtualization operations;

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and a platform simulator to perform simulations of virtualization events. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

# Regarding Claim 19:

Devine discloses The system of claim 18, wherein the monitor gains control from the direct execution environment whenever at least one of the plurality of virtual machines attempts to perform a virtualization event. (Column 5, Lines 12 - Column 6, Line 52. Column 10, Lines 51-59. Column 24, Lines 2-13. Figures 1-2, and 7-8)

### **Conclusion**

- 8. All Claims are rejected.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Saif A. Alhija whose telephone number is (571) 272-8635. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 11:00-7:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamini Shah can be reached on (571) 272-2279. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SAA

August 3, 2006

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